

INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION

SET A

SEPTEMBER 2019

CLASS 1X

Marking Scheme – SUBJECT[ENGLISH][THEORY]

Q.NO.	Answers	Marks (with split up)
1		8
1.1	<p>a) Wash hands with soap</p> <p>b) It is effective, remover germs</p> <p>c) Washing hands with soap</p> <p>d) Twice - before eating and after defecation</p> <p>e) Acute respiratory infections like pneumonia</p> <p>f) By providing awareness and knowledge about hand washing childhood transmission</p> <p>g) During childhood</p> <p>h) Transmission.</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>
2		12
2.1	<p>a) Some people are lucky to be taken care of at home whereas others may have to move to residential homes.</p> <p>b) We have such an aversion to ageing as many of us find it impossible to relate to these worrying facts, unable to face the reality that every day we inch ever closer to our own dotage.</p> <p>c) Grey power implies to many senior citizens who are in the possession of all their faculties and are well -off with money. Hence the government and business have a new</p>	<p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p>

	found respect for them. d) Retirement is considered a time of freedom as one is free from worldly responsibilities and other duties.	2
2.2	a) generous b) Well- off c) Pension d) Tumultuous	1 1 1 1
3	CONTENT-4 FORMAT-2 EXPRESSION-2	8
4	CONTENT-5 IMAGINATION-2 EXPRESSION-3	10
5	1. had gathered 2. opened 3. felt 4. anticipated	4
6	a) Combination of hard b) Training and a c) Say that the d) Laugh the most	4
7	a). Obesity is the negative outcome of improving socio-economic status and changing lifestyles. b) We eat unhealthy food lesser than ever before c) Obese children suffer both physical and mental problems d) School must provide an environment that promotes healthy eating habits.	4
8.	a) Evelyn was deaf and dumb b) Her mother c) When her mother called she did not move. d) This line means that when Evelyn was called, she didn't	4

	<p>respond</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>a)Leaves turned yellow because of the autumn season</p> <p>b) He felt like travelling both the roads as both of them looked equally fair and promising. Although they had been worn out equally, that morning both lay untrodden</p> <p>c) thinking to which road to be opted</p> <p>d) can choose only one road</p>	
9	<p>1. Einstein’s mother was against his marriage to Mileva because she thought, Mileva who was three years older than her, was too old for him. She was also worried because Mileva was an intellectual, ‘a book’ like Einstein.</p> <p>2. Tommy describes the old kind of school as a special building where all kids studied together. There hundreds of students were studying and playing together. They used to shout and laugh together in an open yard. They had a teacher who wasn't a mechanical teacher but was a 'man'.</p> <p>3. The thing that the poet finds so attractive about Lake Isle of Innisfree is its promise of peace. The poet longs for this place which affords a sense of contentment and relaxation far from the busy modern life. The vivid impressionistic description of the colours and beauties of this place, and the soothing stir of nature offers a contrast to the strident noise of the city where the poet actually is.</p> <p>4. Toto was not the sort of pet to be kept in the house for long. He was very mischievous. He’d scratched the plaster off the walls, torn the narrator’s school blazer and poked holes in his aunt’s dresses. Toto had thrown a plate at grandmother for screaming at him and one of the narrator’s aunt had received a glass of water in the face, when she’d rushed forward to rescue the dish of pullao from him. Grandfather was not well-to-do and couldn’t afford the frequent loss of dishes, clothes, curtains and wallpaper. So grandfather found the tonga-driver and sold Toto back to him for only three rupees.</p> <p>5. Mahendra was a junior supervisor in a firm. It offered</p>	8

	<p>on hire supervisors at various places of construction sites. These were factories, bridges, dams etc. His job was to supervise these activities at the work sites. So he kept moving from place to place now and then.</p> <p>6) Mr. McDonalds played with his children. The girls would hang on his coat, they would laugh together. Kezia’s father had no time for such things. He really worked hard for his family.</p> <p>7) The lost child loses interest in the things that he had wanted earlier because he was panic stricken on being separated from his parents. All he wanted was to be united with them. All the things that attracted him in the fair no longer appeal to him and now the only thing that matters is finding his parents</p>	
10.	<p>The story would lose its charm and reality without the mirror because it fascinates both the characters i.e., the doctor and the snake. The doctor makes two important decisions – shaving daily and growing thin moustaches to make himself more handsome and keeping a smile on the face all the time while looking at himself in the mirror. The snake also feels attracted to look at his face in the mirror and leaves the doctor’s arm. It sits on the table in front of mirror and the doctor finds an opportunity to move away to save himself. Thus, the story does revolve around the mirror and therefore its importance.</p> <p>OR</p> <p>Film director Vijay Bhatt was so impressed after after hearing Bismillah play at a festival that he named a film after the instrument called ‘Gunj Uthi Shehnai’. The film was a hit, and one of Bismillah’s compositions turned out to be a nationwide chartbuster. He also became the first Indian to be invited to perform at the prestigious Lincoln Centre Hall in the U.S.A. He took part in the World Exposition in Montreal, in the Cannes Art Festival and in the Osaka Trade Fair. So well-known did he become internationally that an auditorium in Teheran was named after him – Tahar Mosiquee Ustaad Bismillah Khan.</p> <p>National awards like the Padmashri, the Padma Bhushan and the Padma Vibhushan were conferred on him. In 2001, he was awarded India’s highest civilian award, the Bharat Ratna.</p>	8

